

KNOW	/ 12	APP	/ 12	INQ	/ 12	COMM	/ 6
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**MHF4U1 - UNIT 2 – RATES OF CHANGE**  
**TEST**

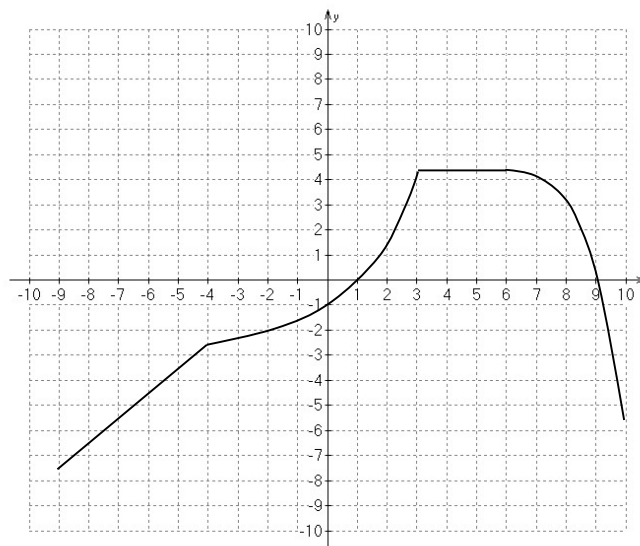
**ROUND ALL ANSWERS TO THE NEAREST TENTH UNLESS STATED OTHERWISE**

**PART ONE – Multiple Choice** (*K – 1 mark each*)

*Identify the letter of the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.*

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1) The slope of a tangent line always tells us
- an instantaneous rate of change
  - whether the graph is increasing or decreasing at the point of tangency
  - all of the above
  - none of the above
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2) An average rate of change is given by
- the  $y$ -intercept of a secant line
  - the slope of a secant line
  - the reciprocal of a secant line's slope
  - a graph's local maxima and minima

*Questions 3 through 5 refer to the graph of  $y = f(x)$  shown on the right.*



- \_\_\_\_\_ 3) On the interval  $7 < x < 8$ ,
- the corresponding rate of change graph would have negative values.
  - the average rate of change of  $f(x)$  is equal to the instantaneous rate of change at any point.
  - the tangent slopes reach a maximum.
  - the tangent slopes reach a minimum.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4) On the interval  $-2 < x < 2$ ,
- it is possible to achieve a negative average rate of change.
  - the instantaneous rate of change of  $f(x)$  is constant.
  - the instantaneous rate of change of  $f(x)$  is always positive.
  - all of the above.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5) On the interval  $4 < x < 5$ ,
- the instantaneous rate of change of  $f(x)$  is always positive.
  - the instantaneous rate of change of  $f(x)$  is increasing.
  - instantaneous rate of change of  $f(x)$  cannot be calculated.
  - none of the above.

**PART TWO – Full Solution**

6) Determine, to the nearest tenth, the instantaneous rate of change of the function

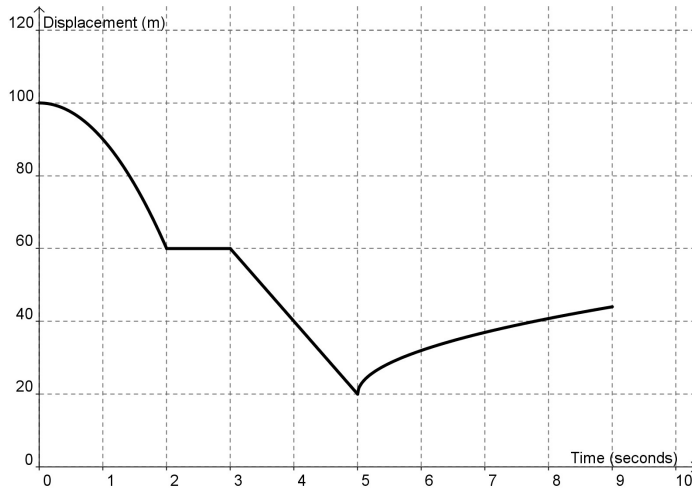
$$f(x) = 2x^3 - 5x^2 - 4 \text{ where } x = -2.5. \text{ (} K - 5 \text{ marks)}$$

7) Determine the average rate of change of the function  $f(x) = -6\sqrt{x+5} - 8x$  on the interval  $-2 \leq x \leq 5$ . Round your final answer to the nearest tenth. (K – 2 marks)

8) For the function  $f(x) = x^4 + 2x^3 - 23x^2 - 24x + 136$ , use secant slopes to verify that a local maximum or minimum occurs at the point where  $x = 3$ . State whether it is a maximum or a minimum that occurs at this point. (A – 5 marks)

- 9) Consider the displacement-time graph shown below, where displacement is measured in metres and time is measured in seconds.

**DISPLACEMENT-TIME GRAPH**



**VELOCITY-TIME GRAPH**



- a) Determine the average velocity in the first 5 seconds. (*A – 2 marks*)
- b) Determine the instantaneous velocity at 4 seconds. (*A – 2 marks*)
- c) Draw a clearly labeled corresponding velocity-time graph on the provided axes. (*A – 3 marks*)
- 10) Determine the **equation of the tangent** to the graph of  $y = -5x^2 + 2x - 6$  at the point where  $x = 10$ . (*I – 6 marks*)

- 11) A maple cookie is dropped from a height of 19.6 m. Its height above the ground, in metres,  $t$  seconds after it is dropped is given by the equation  $h(t) = 19.6 - 4.9t^2$ . Determine how fast the cookie is falling when it hits the ground. Round your final answer to the nearest tenth.  
(I – 6 marks)
- 12) Albert claims that the functions  $f(x) = 3^{2x} + 5$  and  $g(x) = 3^{2x} + 8$  have different instantaneous rates of change for some  $x$ -values. Is Albert's claim correct? Explain.  
(C – 3 marks)
- 13) Fill in the boxes with possible values such that the following function has a positive instantaneous rate of change for  $x < -4$  and a negative instantaneous rate of change for  $x > -4$ . (C – 3 marks)

$$y = \boxed{\phantom{00}} \left( x + \boxed{\phantom{00}} \right)^{\boxed{\phantom{00}}} - 9$$